$$(Cat^{+}O^{-})_{m} = (OX)_{n}$$

$$(R)_{p} = [(O)_{x} - (Z - A)]_{q}$$

$$(OX)_{n}$$

$$(Cat^{+}O^{-})_{m} = [(O)_{x} - (Z - A)]_{q}$$

in which the sum m+n+p+q is equal to 3, m=0, 1 or 2, q=0, 1 or 2, x=0 or 1, p=0, 1 or 2, R is a hydrocarbon group, X is a hydrocarbon group or a group with formula SiR"<sub>3</sub> in which R" is a hydrocarbon group, Z is a hydrocarbon group optionally containing heteroatoms, Cat<sup>+</sup> is a monovalent cation and A is a sulphur-containing group or a reactive group that can be transformed into a sulphur-containing group, said contact being made under conditions of pressure, temperature and acidity of the medium such that practically no phosphate, phosphonate, phosphinate or sulphate phase of said element M is formed.

## Please add the following new claims:

- 16. Functionalized materials according to claim 2, comprising an organic sulphur-containing group selected from the group formed by thiols and derivatives thereof, said sulphonic acid groups and derivatives thereof.
- 17. Materials according to claim 16, in which the organic sulphur-containing group is selected from the group consisting of a thiol group with formula -SH, a sulphide group with formula -S-R1 in which R1 is a hydrocarbon residue, and a polysulphide group with formula -(S)<sub>v</sub>-R1, in which y is a number equal to 2 or more and R1 is a hydrocarbon residue.
- 18. Materials according to claim 16, in which the organic sulphur-containing group is selected from the group consisting of a sulphonic acid group with formula -SO<sub>3</sub>H, organic sulphonate groups with formulae SO<sub>3</sub>R1 in which R1 is a hydrocarbon residue, and a mineral sulphonate group with formulae -SO<sub>3</sub>(M')<sub>l/t</sub> in which M' is an element with valency t from the periodic table.

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19. Materials according to claim 18, wherein said organic sulphur-containing group is said mineral sulphonate group of the formulae - SO<sub>3</sub>(M')<sub>l/t</sub> wherein M' is an alkali metal.

- 20. Materials according to claim,2, comprising a hydrocarbon chain of 1-24 carbon atoms bonding the phosphorous-containing group to the sulphur-containing group.
- 21. Materials according to claim 20, wherein the hydrocarbon chain bonding the phosphorous-containing group to the sulphur-containing group is an aromatic chain, an aliphatic chain, or a saturated aliphatic chain.
- 22. Materials according to claim 1, in which M designates an element from groups IB, IIB, IIIB, IVB, VB, VIB, VIIB, VIII, IIIA, IVA, the lanthanides or the actinides of the periodic table.
- 23. Materials according to claim 1, in which M is selected from the group consisting of titanium, zirconium, iron, aluminium, silicon and tin.
  - 24. Materials according to claim 23, wherein M is titanium, zirconium or aluminium.
- 25. A process according to claim 10, in which the phosphorous-containing compound with formula I is a compound in which Z is a saturated divalent alkyl group containing 1 to 6 carbon atoms.
- 26. A process according to claim 10, in which the solvent for the phosphorous-containing compound is selected from the group consisting of tetrahydrofuran, dimethylsulphoxide, dichloromethane and water.
- 27. A process according to claim 10, in which the phosphorous-containing compound with formula I is a compound in which m=2, q=1 and n=p=zero.
- 28. A process according to claim 10, in which the phosphorous-containing compound with formula I employed is a compound in which n=2, q=1 and m=p=zero.